



COMPETITION TRIBUNAL OF SOUTH AFRICA

Case No: LM042Jun15

In the matter between:

Iridescent Investments Proprietary Limited

Primary Acquiring Firm

and

Servest Group Proprietary Limited

Primary Target Firm

Panel	: Norman Manoim (Presiding Member)
	: Yasmin Carrim (Tribunal Member)
	: Andiswa Ndoni (Tribunal Member)
Heard on	: 8 July 2015
Order Issued on	: 8 July 2015
Reasons Issued on	: 27 July 2015

Reasons for Decision

Approval

- [1] On 8 July 2015, the Competition Tribunal ("Tribunal") unconditionally approved the merger between Iridescent Investments Proprietary Limited ("BidCo") and Servest Group Proprietary Limited ("Servest Group")
- [2] The reasons for approving the proposed transaction follow.

Parties to transaction

Primary acquiring firm

- [3] The primary acquiring firm BidCo is a firm incorporated in South Africa. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of Kagiso Tiso Holdings Proprietary Limited ("KTH").
- [4] KTH is a black controlled and managed investment company comprising of listed and private investments. KTH's investment portfolio includes a diverse range of sectors including media, property, pharmaceuticals and infrastructure. Relevant to this transaction is KTH's control of Eris Property Group ("Eris") which is a property services company providing a range of commercial property skills including property management which requires Eris to outsource certain facilities management services.

Primary target firm

- [5] The primary target firm is the Servest Group which controls Servest Proprietary Limited which in turn controls a number of property and subsidiary companies, dormant companies and foreign African subsidiaries.
- [6] The Servest Group is a multi-service solutions group focussed on providing facilities management services in the following categories: cleaning, hygiene, security, parking management, landscaping and turf maintenance, marine services and office services and facilities management.

Proposed transaction and rationale

- [7] The proposed transaction involved BidCo acquiring 49% of the issued shares in Servest Group which would result in BidCo being able to materially influence the policy of the target group.
- [8] KTH submits that as a black controlled and managed investment holding company the proposed transaction is an attractive investment opportunity due to certain factors present within the Servest Group. For the Servest Group the proposed transaction would allow for additional BEE ownership and result in it being the first majority black owned multi-services provider in South Africa.

Impact on competition

- [9] The Competition Commission ("the Commission") found a vertical overlap in respect to the provision of property management services provided by KTH through Eris and the provision of facilities management services provided by the Servest Group.
- [10] The Commission in analysing whether the transaction resulted in input foreclosure or customer foreclosure found that the proposed transaction would be unlikely to result in either.
- [11] In its analysis of the possibility of input foreclosure, the Commission considered whether the transaction would result in the Servest Group being able to exercise market power in the upstream market for the provision of facilities management services to the detriment of its customers. The Commission found that Servest Group's small market share of 8.5% as well as the prevalence of alternatives in the market would continue to constrain the Servest Group post-merger. As a result the Commission found that the proposed transaction was unlikely to raise input foreclosure concerns.
- [12] The Commission evaluated whether the merged entity would have the ability to foreclose its competitors in the upstream market for the provision of facilities management services from accessing a sufficient customer base in the downstream market for the provision of property management services. The Commission found several firms in the downstream market that would continue to procure facilities management services from the Servest Group's upstream competitors. The merging parties submitted that Eris would only have 0.2% market share in the market if it were included.¹ The Commission agreed that Eris does not enjoy market power in the downstream market. As a result the Commission found that the proposed transaction is unlikely to raise customer foreclosure concerns.
- [13] Based on the above analysis the Commission concluded that the proposed transaction would be unlikely to lead to a substantial prevention or lessening of competition in any market.

¹ *Inter alia* Page 40 of the Record

[14] We concur with the Commission's competition assessment, i.e. that the proposed transaction is unlikely to substantially prevent or lessen competition in any relevant market. We further agree that it is unlikely that the proposed transaction would result in either customer or input foreclosure.

Public interest

[15] The merging parties confirmed that the proposed transaction will not result in an adverse impact on employment.² The proposed transaction further raises no other public interest concerns.

Conclusion

[16] In light of the above, we conclude that the proposed transaction is unlikely to substantially prevent or lessen competition in any relevant market. In addition, no public interest issues arise from the proposed transaction. Accordingly, we approve the proposed transaction unconditionally.



Norman Manoim

27 July 2015
DATE

Yasmin Carrim and Andiswa Ndoni concurring

Tribunal Researcher: Aneesa Ravat

For the merging parties: Chris Charter and Naasha Loopoo of Cliffe Dekker
Hofmyer Inc

For the Commission: Seema Nunkoo, Xolela Nokele and Reabetswe Molotsi

² *Inter alia* merger record page 10.