

COMPETITION TRIBUNAL
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Case No: 93/CR/Nov11

In the matter between:

The Competition Commission

Applicant

and

Afrisam (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd

Respondent

Panel : A Wessels (Presiding Member), M Mokuena (Tribunal Member), and A Ndoni (Tribunal Member)

Heard on : 16 November 2011

Decided on : 16 November 2011

Order

The Tribunal hereby confirms the order as agreed to and proposed by the Competition Commission and the respondent, annexed hereto marked "A".



Presiding Member
A Wessels

Concurring: M Mokuena and A Ndoni

'Annexure A'

BEFORE THE COMPETITION TRIBUNAL OF SOUTH AFRICA
(HELD IN PRETORIA)

CT CASE NO:
CC CASE NO: 2008JUN3769

In the matter between:

COMPETITION COMMISSION

Applicant

and

AFRISAM (SOUTH AFRICA) (PTY) LTD

Respondent

CONSENT AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMPETITION COMMISSION AND
AFRISAM (SOUTH AFRICA) (PTY) LTD IN RESPECT OF CONTRAVENTION OF
SECTIONS 4(1)(b)(i) and 4(1)(b)(ii) OF THE COMPETITION ACT NO 89 OF 1998,
AS AMENDED

The Competition Commission and AfriSam (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd hereby agree that application be made to the Competition Tribunal for confirmation of this Consent Agreement as an order of the Competition Tribunal in terms of section 49D read with sections 58(1)(a)(iii) and 59(1)(a) of the Competition Act No.89 of 1998, as amended, on the terms set out below:

1. Definitions

In this Consent Agreement, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following definitions shall apply:



1.1. "ACMP" means the Association for Cementitious Material Producers.

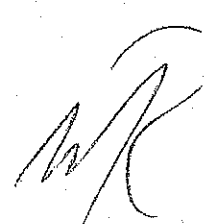
The ACMP was established in 2005 and its membership is open to producers of cementitious material in South Africa;

1.2. "AfriSam" means AfriSam (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd, a private company duly registered and incorporated in accordance with the laws of the Republic of South Africa, with its principal place of business at Corner 14th Avenue and Hendrik Potgieter, Constantia Office Park, Weltevredenpark, Johannesburg. *AfriSam* has changed its name several times. In 1937 it changed its name from Anglo Vaal Portland Cement Limited to Anglo-Alpha Cement Limited, in 1980 to Anglo Alpha Limited, in 1996 to Alpha Limited, in 2004 to Holcim (South Africa) (Proprietary) Ltd and in 2008 to its current name, AfriSam (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd;

1.3. "Ash Resources" means Ash Resources (Pty) Limited, a private company registered and incorporated in accordance with the laws of the Republic of South, with its principal place of business at 35 Westfield Road, Longmeadow Business Estate, Extension 11, 1609, Randburg. *Ash Resources* is involved in the business of collecting, classifying and selling fly ash which can be used as a cement extender. Ash Resources was originally owned in equal shares by PPC, Lafarge, *AfriSam* and Eskom Holdings Limited. *Ash Resources* is currently owned by Lafarge;



- 1.4. "C & CP" means the Cement and Concrete Institute of South Africa, an industry association established by the *Cement Producers*;
- 1.5. "CDSA" means Cement Distributors (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd, a company which was responsible for all sales and distribution of cement during the period when *Cement Producers* in South Africa were granted an exemption to form a lawful cartel;
- 1.6. "*Cement Producers*" refers collectively to PPC, AfriSam, Lafarge and NPC;
- 1.7. "*Cape Sales*" means Cape Sales (Pty) Ltd, the company which was responsible for the sales and distribution of cement in the Southern Region during the period when *Cement Producers* in South Africa were granted an exemption to form a lawful cartel;
- 1.8. "CMA" means the Concrete Manufacturers Association;
- 1.9. "*Competition Board*" means the regulatory authority established in terms of the repealed Maintenance and Promotion of Competition Act No. 96 of 1979;
- 1.10. "CLP" means the Corporate Leniency Policy issued by the Commission in terms of the Act to clarify the Commission's policy approach on matters falling within its jurisdiction in terms of the Act and gazetted in Government Gazette number 31064 of 23 May 2008;

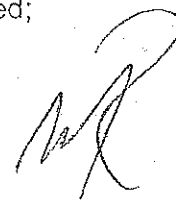


- 1.11. "**Commission**" means the Competition Commission of South Africa, a statutory body established in terms of section 19 of the Act with its principal place of business at Building C, Mulayo Building, DTI Campus, 77 Meintjies Street, Sunnyside, Pretoria, South Africa;
- 1.12. "**Commissioner**" means the Commissioner of the Competition Commission appointed in terms of section 22 of the Act;
- 1.13. "**Complaint**" means the complaint initiated by the *Commissioner* in terms of section 49B(1) of the Act on 02 June 2008 under case number 2008Jun3769 against *PPC, Lafarge, AfriSam, NPC* and *Slagment* for alleged contravention of section 4(1)(b)(i) and (ii), 5(1) and 8(c)¹ of the Act. On 20 November 2010, the *Commissioner* amended the *Complaint* to include an alleged contravention of section 4(1)(a) of the Act by the *Cement Producers*;
- 1.14. "**Consent Agreement**" means this consent agreement duly signed and concluded between the *Commission* and *AfriSam*;
- 1.15. "**Lafarge**" means Lafarge South Africa (Proprietary) Limited, a private company duly registered and incorporated in accordance with the laws of the Republic of South Africa, with its principal place of business at 21 Woodlands Drive, Woodmead, Johannesburg. *Lafarge* was previously known as Blue Circle;

¹ The complaint under section 8(c) of the Act only relates to PPC.



- 1.16. "**NPC**" means Natal Portland Cement Cimpor (Pty) Ltd, a private company duly registered and incorporated in accordance with the laws of the Republic of South Africa, with its principal place of business at 199 Coedmore Road, Bellair, Durban. Until 2002, *NPC* was owned by *PPC*, *AfriSam* and *Lafarge* in equal shares;
- 1.17. "**PPC**" means Pretoria Portland Cement Company Limited, a public company registered and incorporated in accordance with the laws of the Republic of South Africa, with its principal place of business at 180 Katherine Street, Sandton, Johannesburg;
- 1.18. "**SACPA**" means the South African Cement Producers Association, an industry association established by the *Cement Producers*;
- 1.19. "**SACU market or region**" refers to South Africa, Botswana, Lesotho, Swaziland and Namibia;
- 1.20. "**Slagment**" means Slagment (Pty) Ltd, a private company duly registered and incorporated in accordance with the laws of the Republic of South Africa, with its registered offices at Corner 14th Avenue and Hendrik Potgieter, Constantia Office Park, Weltevredenpark, Johannesburg. *Slagment* was a joint venture among the *Cement Producers* and was acquired by *AfriSam* in 2002. *Slagment* is involved in the business of purchasing and processing raw slag which is used as a cement extender;
- 1.21. "**the Act**" means the Competition Act No. 89 of 1998, as amended;



1.22. "*Tribunal*" means the Competition Tribunal of South Africa, a statutory body established in terms of section 26 of the Act as a Tribunal of record, with its principal place of business at Building C, Mulayo Building, DTI Campus, 77 Meintjies Street, Sunnyside, Pretoria.

2. Background to the complaint investigation

2.1. For many years in South Africa dating back to the 1940s, *Cement Producers* were granted exemptions in terms of legislation then in force to conduct the manufacture and distribution of cement under the aegis of a lawful cartel. A set of institutional arrangements was put in place to manage the activities of the lawful cartel. These institutional arrangements included the *CDSA* and *SACPA*. *NPC*, *Slagment* and *Ash Resources* were jointly owned by *PPC*, *AfriSam* and *Lafarge*.

2.2. The most salient features of the lawful cartel were:

2.2.1 Agreed market shares largely based on each *Cement Producer's* original production capacity;

2.2.2 The division of South Africa into two main regions – the Northern Region and the Southern Region;

2.2.3 A centralised sales and distribution system. *Cement Producers* sold and distributed cement through the *CDSA* in the Northern Region and *Cape Sales* in the Southern Region. At the end of each accounting period there was a system of quota balancing to distribute proceeds of cement sales;

2.2.3 A unitary pricing model known as the Twycross pricing model.

In terms of this pricing model the *Lafarge* factory in Lichtenburg was used to determine a base price and actual prices to customers were derived from the base price plus the cost of rail to the customer.

2.3. The *Competition Board* withdrew the exemption in 1995. In view of the logistical difficulties associated with establishing their own sales, marketing and transport functions, the *Cement Producers* were afforded until the end of September 1996 to terminate the lawful cartel.

3. Complaint investigation and findings

3.1. On 02 June 2008, the *Commissioner*, acting in terms of section 49B(1) of the *Act*, initiated the *Complaint* against *PPC*, *Lafarge*, *AfriSam*, *NPC* and *Slagment* for alleged contravention of sections 4(1)(b)(i) and (ii), 5(1) and 8(c) of the *Act*. The allegations relating to section 8(c) of the *Act* relate to *PPC* only. The initiation of the *Complaint* was predicated on, *inter alia*, information gleaned from the *Commission's* economic research into the market structure, firm behaviour, and outcomes, including pricing, of various construction-related products, one of which was cement.

3.2. On 24 June 2009, after duly making applications to the High Court, the *Commission* executed warrants of search and seizure at the respective premises of the *Cement Producers*. Subsequent to the execution of



the warrants, on 07 August 2009 *PPC* applied for and was granted conditional immunity by the *Commission* in terms of the *CLP*.

3.3. The *Commission's* investigation indicates that:

3.3.1. Following the demise of the lawful cartel, in 1995 the *Cement Producers* reached an understanding to continue to target market shares each producer had enjoyed under the lawful cartel based on the *SACU region*. Notwithstanding the 1995 understanding, in 1996 *PPC* gained market share in excess of its agreed market share resulting in retaliation by the other *Cement Producers* which precipitated a price war among *Cement Producers* in the period between 1996 and 1998.

3.3.2. In or between 1997 and 1998 the *Cement Producers* held a series of meetings with a view to ending the price war and stabilising the market. These meetings culminated in the *Cement Producers* reaching an agreement on market shares, pricing parameters for different types of cement, scaling back on marketing and distribution activities including the closure of certain offices and depots in some regions, and not to offer special discounts on higher quality cement.

3.3.3. Representatives of *AfriSam*, *PPC* and *Lafarge* met regularly in the period between 1999 to 2002 to discuss the implementation of the agreement.

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3.3.4. As part of maintaining and monitoring the targeted market shares, and thereby restraining price competition, the *Cement Producers* agreed to submit detailed cement sales data to an audit firm appointed by the C & CI. On a monthly basis, the audit firm then aggregated the sales data across the firms and disseminated the aggregated data to the *Cement Producers*. On this basis, the *Cement Producers* could measure their own market shares for the SACU market as a whole, as well as for defined sub-regions, product categories and customer categories, and monitor if their rivals were abiding by the arrangements.

3.3.5. The C & CI was an important mechanism in enabling *Cement Producers* to target market shares. *Cement Producers* agreed on the format of templates used for submitting monthly sales data to the C & CI. The templates are known as Schedules A – J. The *Cement Producers* initially agreed on and introduced schedules A to E. In 2002, schedules F to H were introduced and in 2006 schedule J, on sales data relating to imports of cement. In 2007 the *Cement Producers* also agreed to exchange total regional sales data on a weekly basis.

3.3.6. This information exchange ended in 2009.

3.3.7. The *Cement Producers* used sales data disseminated by the C & CI to monitor their own market shares by region, end-user and imports.

3.3.8. The *Cement Producers* also had an opportunity to meet regularly in, *inter alia*, meetings of the C & CI, CMA, and ACMP.

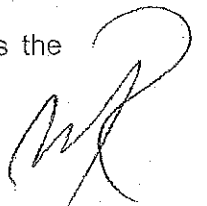
3.3.9. While NPC was until the early 2000s jointly owned by Lafarge, PPC and AfriSam, representatives of NPC attended the meetings referred to in 3.3.2 above, in and about 1998, and submitted data separately to the C & CI in accordance with the agreement to target market shares. NPC was, therefore, party to the anti-competitive arrangements.

4. Settlement discussions

4.1. AfriSam's senior board members contacted the Commission soon after they became aware that the Commission had initiated an investigation against AfriSam, to understand the allegations.

4.2. At the same time, AfriSam conducted a thorough internal investigation into the allegations.

4.3. AfriSam approached the Commission as soon as its internal investigation revealed that ex-employees had been involved in conduct in contravention of the Act and on 7 June 2011, the Commission and AfriSam held the first meeting, at the latter's request, to discuss the



results of *AfriSam's* internal investigation and the possibility of negotiating a consent agreement.

4.4 Pursuant to these discussions, *AfriSam* has provided the *Commission* with detailed submissions and documentation which include witness statements yielded by its internal investigation. *AfriSam's* cooperation has also extended to facilitating the *Commission's* interviews of current and former employees, conducted in terms of section 49A of *the Act*.

4.5. After engaging in discussions on the appropriate terms of the settlement, on 20 September 2011 the parties eventually reached consensus which is reflected in this *Consent Agreement*.

5. Admissions

5.1. *AfriSam* admits the following:

5.1.1. *AfriSam* admits that it entered into agreements and arrangements with *PPC and Lafarge*, that extended to *NPC* by virtue of the control exercised by the three firms over *NPC*, as well as subsequent understandings with *PPC, Lafarge* and *NPC* all of which had the effect of indirectly fixing cement prices in contravention of section 4(1)(b)(i) of *the Act*; and

5.1.2. *AfriSam* admits that it entered into agreements and arrangements with *PPC and Lafarge* that extended to *NPC* by virtue of the control exercised by the three firms over *NPC*, as well as subsequent understandings with *PPC, Lafarge* and



NPC all of which had the effect of dividing the cement market through the allocation of market shares in contravention of section 4(1)(b)(ii) of *the Act*.

6. Agreement concerning future conduct

AfriSam agrees and undertakes to:

- 6.1. prepare and circulate a statement summarising the content of this *Consent Agreement* to its employees who are managers and directors within 30 days of the date of confirmation of this *Consent Agreement* as an order of the *Tribunal*;
- 6.2. refrain from engaging in price fixing and market division in contravention of sections 4(1)(b)(i) and (ii) of *the Act*; and
- 6.3. develop and implement a compliance programme designed to ensure that its employees, management and directors do not engage in any conduct which constitutes a prohibited practice in terms of *the Act*, a copy of which programme shall be submitted to the *Commission* within ninety (90) days of the date of confirmation of this *Consent Agreement* as an order of the *Tribunal*.

7. Co-operation

- 7.1. *AfriSam* undertakes to co-operate fully with the *Commission* in its investigation and prosecution of the remaining respondents.

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7.2. This co-operation includes, but is not limited to:

7.2.1. providing the *Commission* with all relevant evidence reasonably available to it that might assist the *Commission* in its investigation and prosecution of the remaining respondents;

7.2.2. ensuring that all current *AfriSam* employees, and to the extent possible, former employees, who have knowledge of the relevant meetings and discussions among the *Cement Producers*, are available to, and co-operate with, the *Commission*, both for purposes of consultation and to give evidence in proceedings before the *Tribunal*.

8. Administrative penalty

8.1. *AfriSam* accepts that it is liable to pay an administrative penalty in terms of sections 58(1)(a)(iii) and 59 of the Act in the amount of R 124, 878, 870.00. The administrative penalty represents 3% of *AfriSam*'s annual turnover for cement in the *SACU region* (inclusive of internal sales to readymix and mineral components operations) for the financial year ended 31 December 2010.

8.2. *AfriSam* shall pay the administrative penalty to the *Commission* in six (6) equal, bi-annual instalments of R 20, 813,145.00 staggered over a period of three (3) years, the first instalment to become due and payable in February 2012.



- 8.3. *AfriSam* shall remit payment of the administrative penalty into the following bank account:

Name of account holder: COMPETITION COMMISSION

Bank name: ABSA BANK PRETORIA

Account number: 4050778576

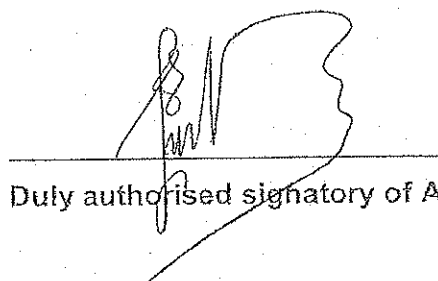
Branch code: 323345

- 8.4. The penalty will be paid over by the *Commission* to the National Revenue Fund in accordance with the provisions of section 59(4) of the Act.

9. Full and final settlement

This *Consent Agreement*, upon confirmation as an order of the *Tribunal*, concludes all proceedings between the *Commission* and *AfriSam* in relation to the Commission's investigation under case number: 2008Jun3769.

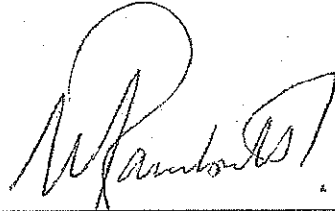
SIGNED at ROODEPOORT on this the 27th day of OCTOBER 2011.



Duly authorised signatory of AfriSam (South Africa) (Pty) Limited



SIGNED at Petina on this the 1 day of Nov 2011.

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Shan Ramburuth
Commissioner, Competition Commission

Tebogo Mputle

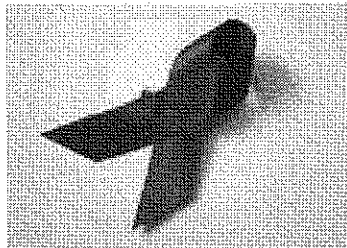
From: Tebogo Mputle
Sent: Wednesday, November 16, 2011 2:52 PM
To: 'BakheM@compcom.co.za'; 'marianne.wagener@nortonrose.com'
Cc: Lerato Motaung; Alicia Hlafane
Subject: The Competition Commission and Afrisam SA (Pty) Ltd - 93/CR/Nov11
Attachments: 20111116133355435.pdf

Dear Sirs

Please see the attached consent order and kindly confirm receipt.

Regards

Tebogo Mputle
Registry Administrator
competition tribunal south africa
Tel No: +27 (12) 394 3354
Fax No: +27 (12) 394 4354
Mobile: +27 (82) 557 6897
Email: tebogom@comptrib.co.za
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